
55th Annual Fuze Conference

Fuzing's Evolving Role in Smart Weapons

Generation and Measurement of Long Duration High-g Acceleration Profiles

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OUTLINE

- Introduction

- Need for Test Methods

- Generation of Long Duration Transients

- EMI Defined-Long-Duration Shock Test

- Application

- Choice and Test of Electronic Components

- Measurement of Long Duration High g-Acceleration Profiles

- Penetration of Concrete

“g-rec”

- Summary

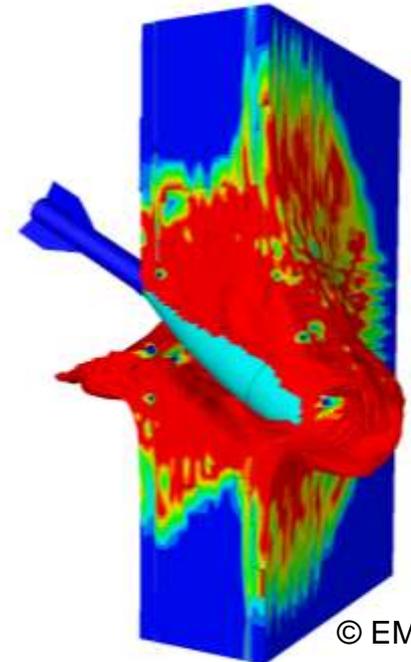
Motivation

Smart Weapons with Penetration Capability

- High-g hardened fuzing
 - Large warheads
 - Upcoming: Smaller calibers as for precision guided munitions with moderate effect
 - $a_{\max} > 100,000 \text{ g}$
- ⇒ the smaller the ammunition, the bigger the acceleration
- No manufacturers specifications available for electronic parts for high-g-regime
- Inexplicable system failures in the field

⇒ need for reliable, cheap high-g-test methodology

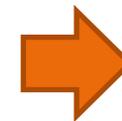
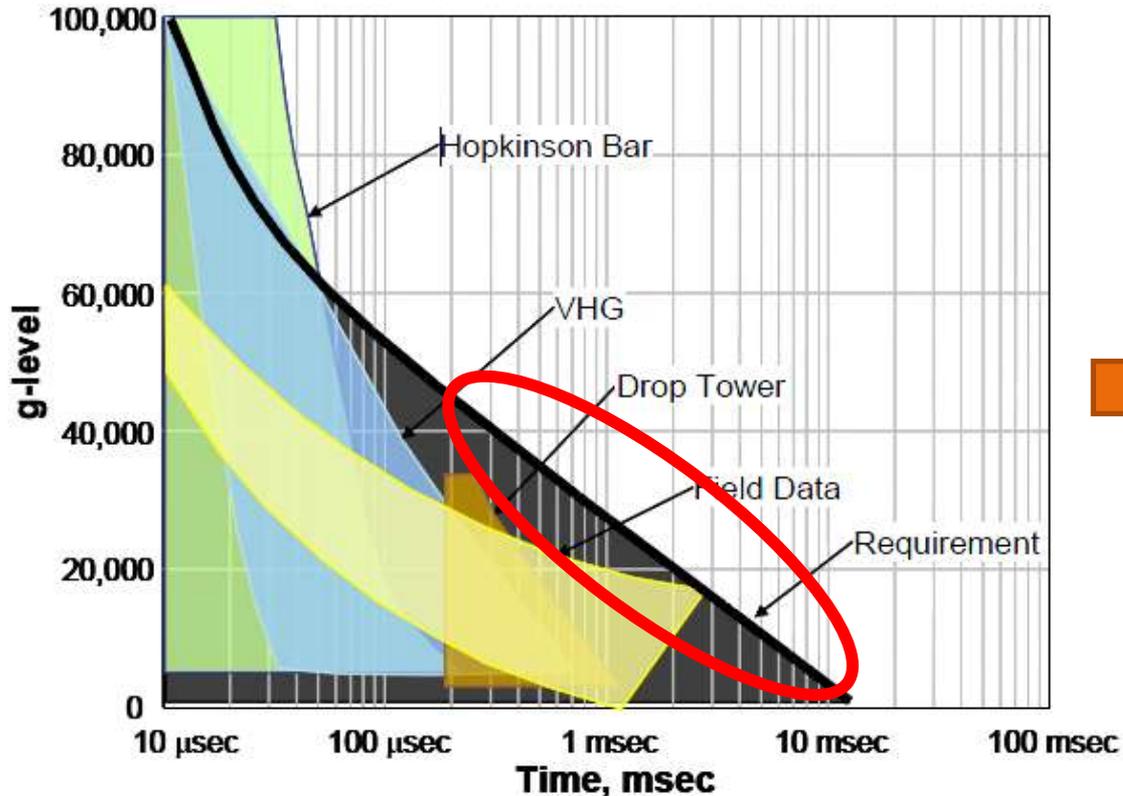
image: wikipedia



Required Test Methodologies for Sub-Scale Survivability Test

Fuze-Conference 2010:

D. Hayles, DTRA : Notional Shock Spectrum



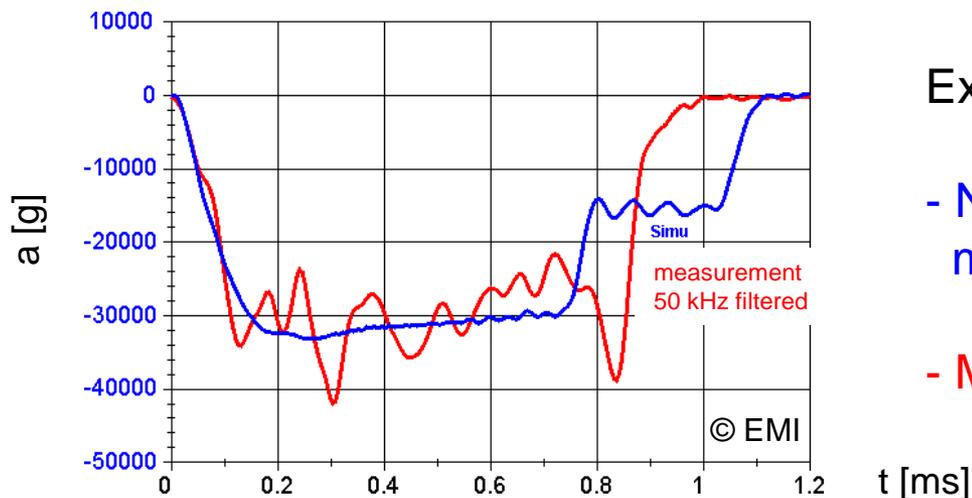
technical requirement:

$$V_{0, DUT} > 100 \text{ m/s}$$

Photo Courtesy of AFRL/RWMF

EMI Defined-Long-Duration (DLD) Shock Test

- High initial velocity of actuator
 - ⇒ long duration *and* high amplitude load profiles
- Numerically tailored compression body
 - ⇒ quantitative load profile estimation
 - ⇒ new load regimes reproducible accessible
- Experimental validation by g-rec or PDV* measurements



Example: 30.000 g, 800 μ s

- Numerical prediction:
movement of center of gravity

- Measurement inside sample holder

* PDV: Photonic Doppler Velocimetry

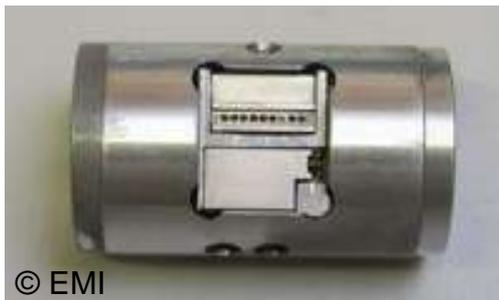
EMI Defined-Long-Duration (DLD) Shock Test

■ Current R&D-setup:

- $m_{(\text{Device Under Test})}$ up to 200 g
- $\varnothing < 34$ mm,
- $l = 100$ mm

} scalable to higher values

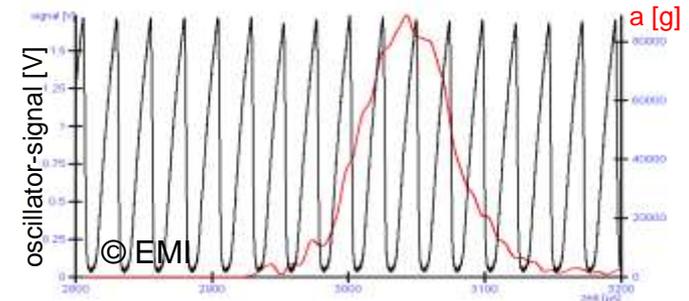
- If needed: Device under Test electrically connected
- Low temperature experiments (-46 °C) possible
- Modest cost
- Extension to spinning systems is under way



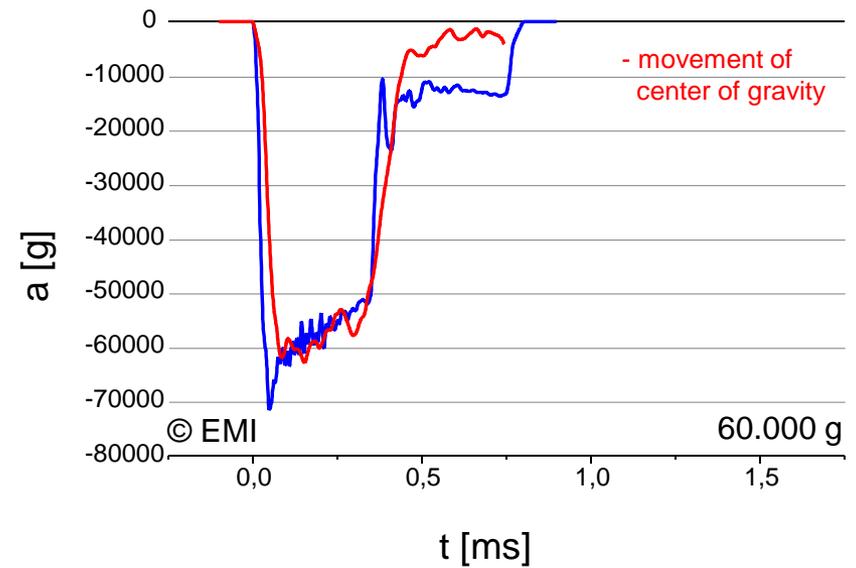
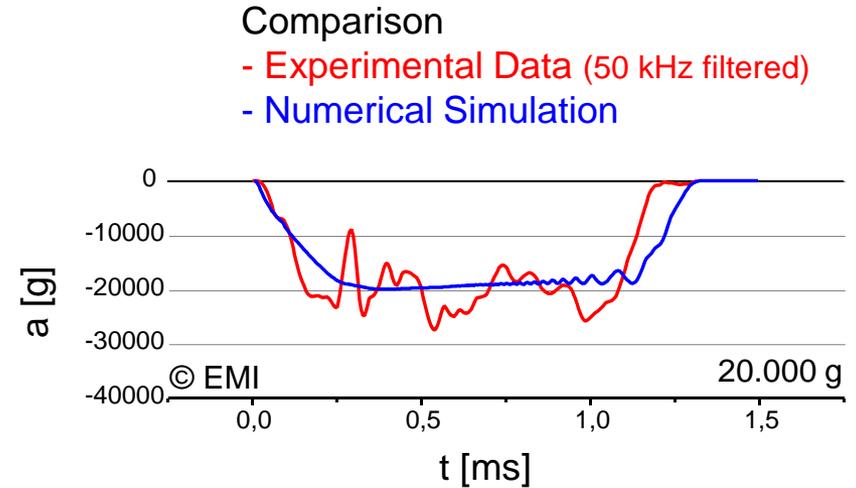
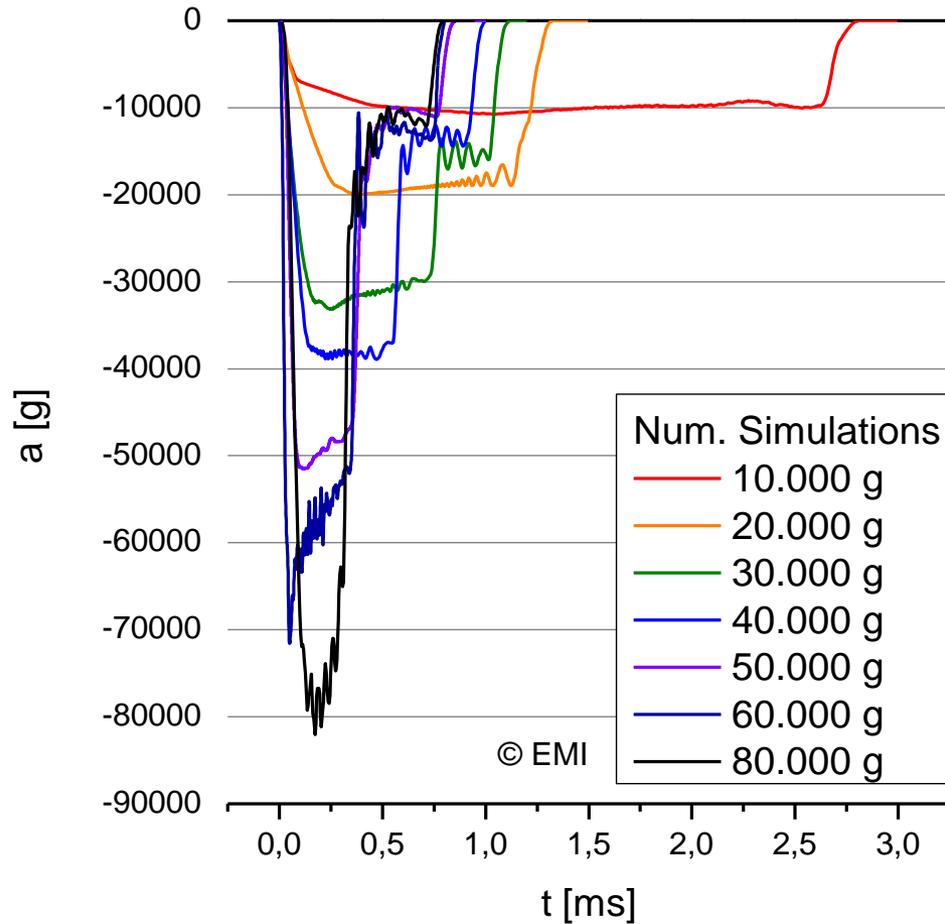
Exemplary sample holder



Example: 80.000 g oscillator-Test



EMI - DLD - Shock Test



EMI - DLD - Shock Test

Experimental Results

D. Hayles, DTRA, Fuze Conference 2010

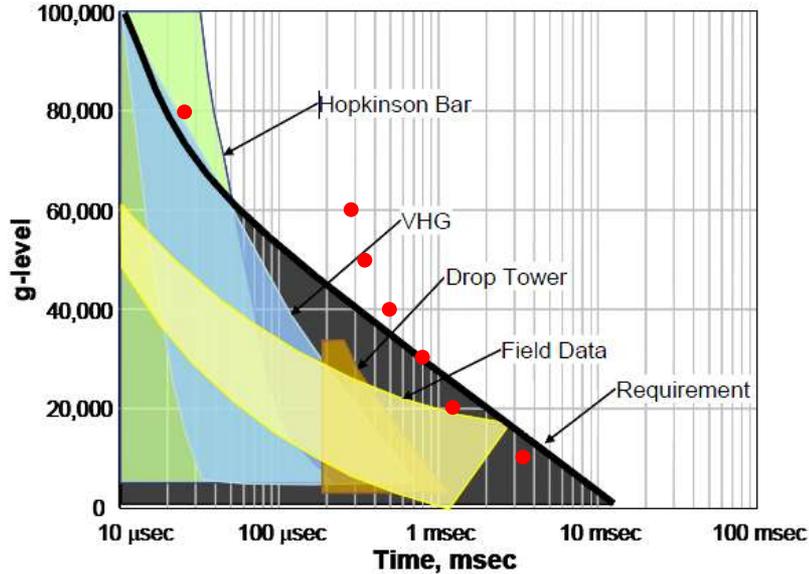


Photo Courtesy of AFRL/RWMF

Experiments were conducted in cooperation with industry partners and used for product development.

EMI-DLD-Experiments

10.000 g	3.300 ms	(exp)
20.000 g	1.250 ms	(exp)
30.000 g	0.800 ms	(exp)
40.000 g	0.520 ms	(exp)
50.000 g	0.350 ms	(sim)
60.000 g	0.310 ms	(exp)
80.000 g	0.025 ms	(exp)
	0.300 ms	(sim)

Experiments validated by

- exp acceleration measurement or Photonic Doppler Velocimetry
- sim numerical Simulation *and* high-speed Video

Application

Choice and Test of Electronic Devices

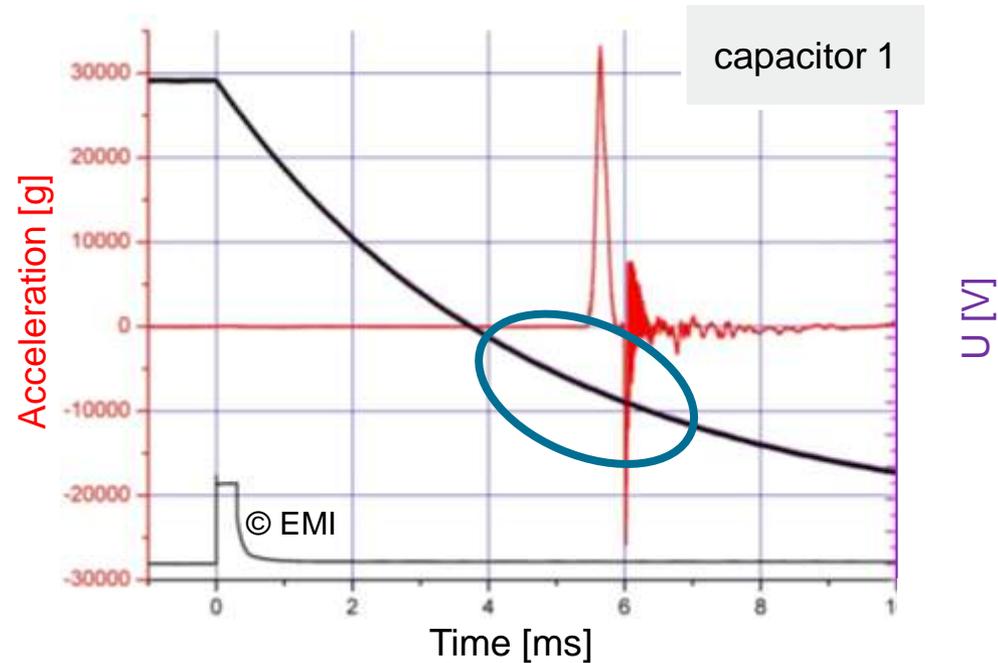
Device behavior upon high-g-loads:

- Intended function
- Disintegration of the device
- Malfunction only during load

⇒ DLD-Shock-Test with electrical access to relevant device properties during load

Example: Capacitor 1

⇒ intended function



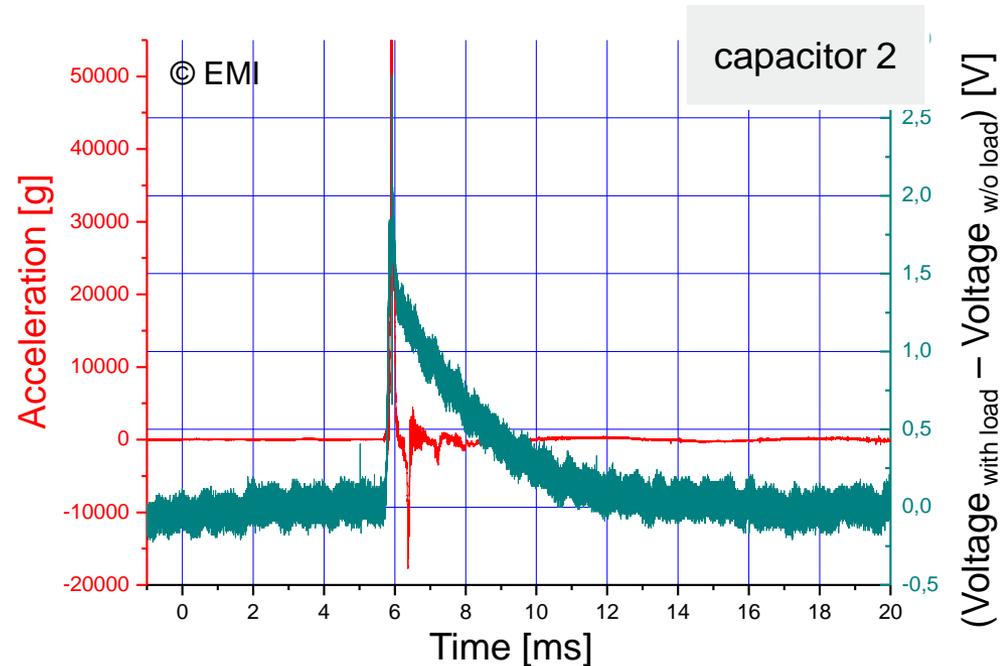
Application

Choice and Test of Electronic Devices

Device behavior upon high-g-loads:

- Intended function
- Disintegration of the device
- Malfunction only during load

⇒ DLD-Shock-Test with electrical access to relevant device properties during load



Example: Capacitor 2

- (Reversible) effect only during load !
- Pre- and post-mortem results could be misleading

Approach / solution :

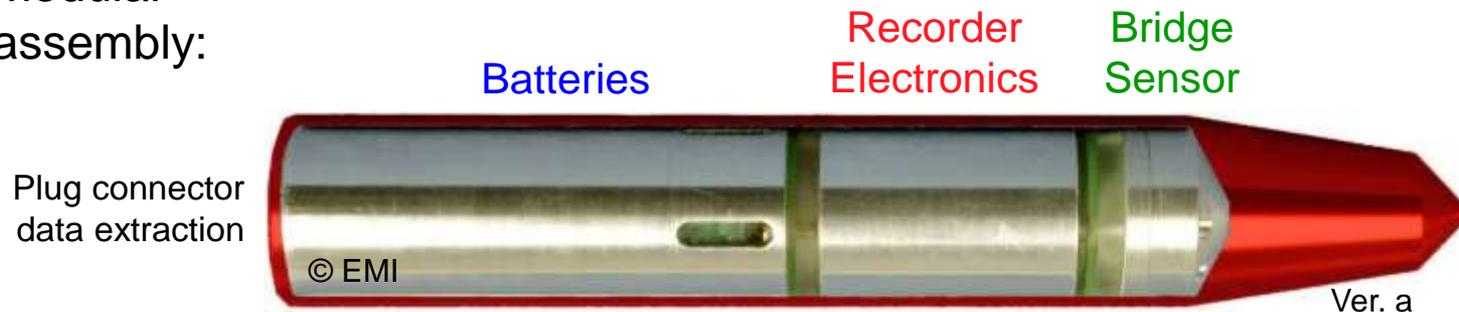
- Usage of different devices, or device technologies
- Improved engineering concepts

Application g-rec Measurement of Long Duration High-g Acceleration Profiles

Concept

- Autonomous digital data recorder with shock accelerometer
- Resistant to high accelerations and decelerations ($> 100,000$ g, Ver. a)
- PC based data retrieval after projectile recovery

modular
assembly:



2 versions: a) hard-wired version

$\varnothing = 26$ mm, $l = 155$ mm

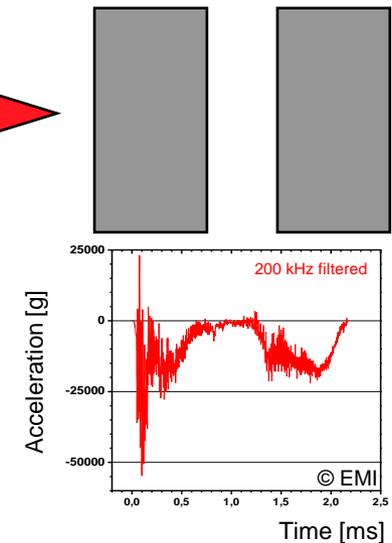
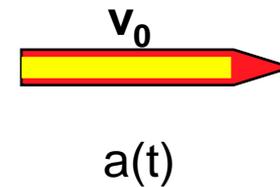
b) programmable, based on microcontroller

$\varnothing = 23$ mm, $l = 80$ mm

Application

Measurement of Long Duration High-g Acceleration Profiles

- Investigation of penetration processes
 - Movement of the center of gravity
 - Characterization of mechanical properties of HE during impact conditions
- Stand alone data recorder for harsh environments
- Measurement tool for fuze systems during impact
- Investigation of interior dynamic of penetrators
 - Study of mechanical wave propagation and resonances
 - Damage mechanisms, ...



Application Concrete Penetration Measurement of Long Duration High-g Acceleration Profiles

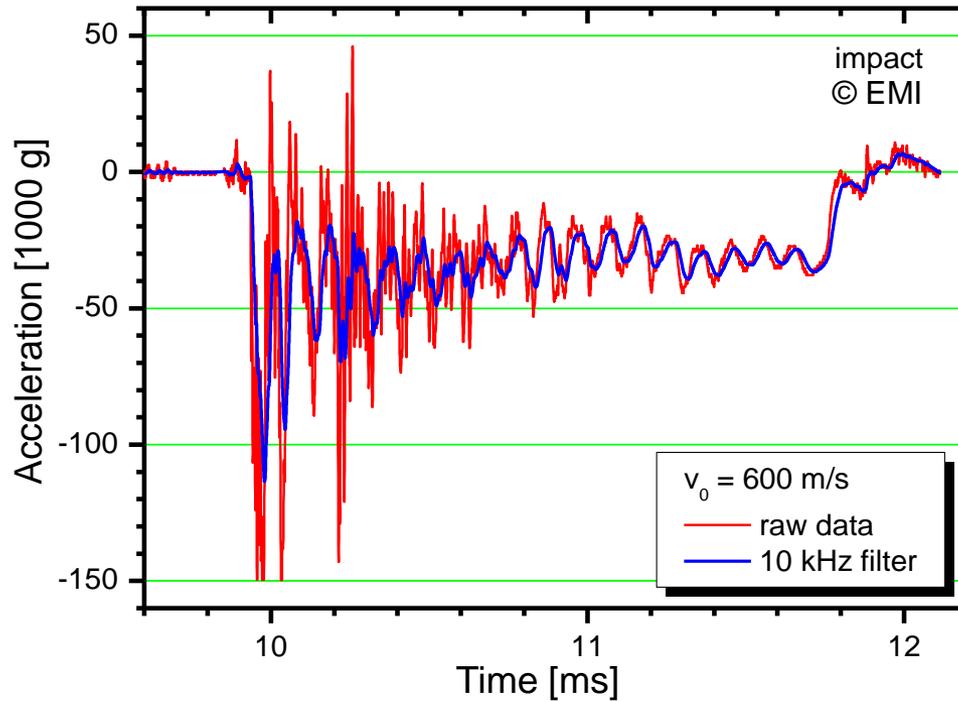
36 mm - penetrator equipped with g-rec:
Gun launch (powder cannon) $v_0 = 600$ m/s



Application

Concrete Penetration

Measurement of Long Duration High-g Acceleration Profiles



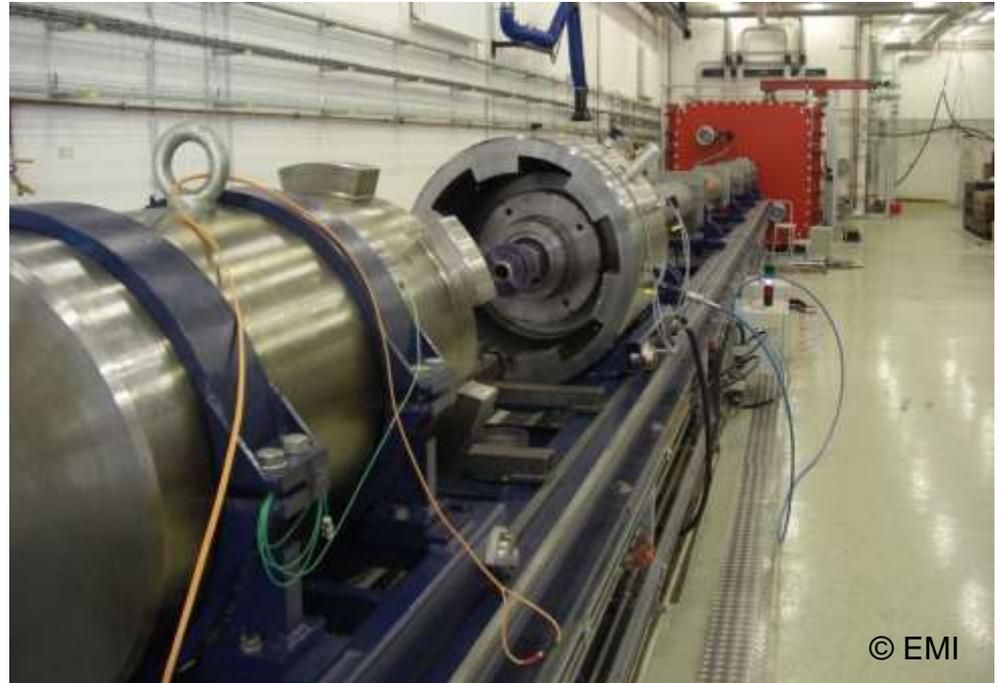
Application Concrete Penetration Measurement of Long Duration High-g Acceleration Profiles

Experiments with 60 mm projectiles



© EMI

Projectile and sabot,
projectile: cal. 60 mm



© EMI

150 mm-Facility,
Ernst-Mach-Institute, Germany

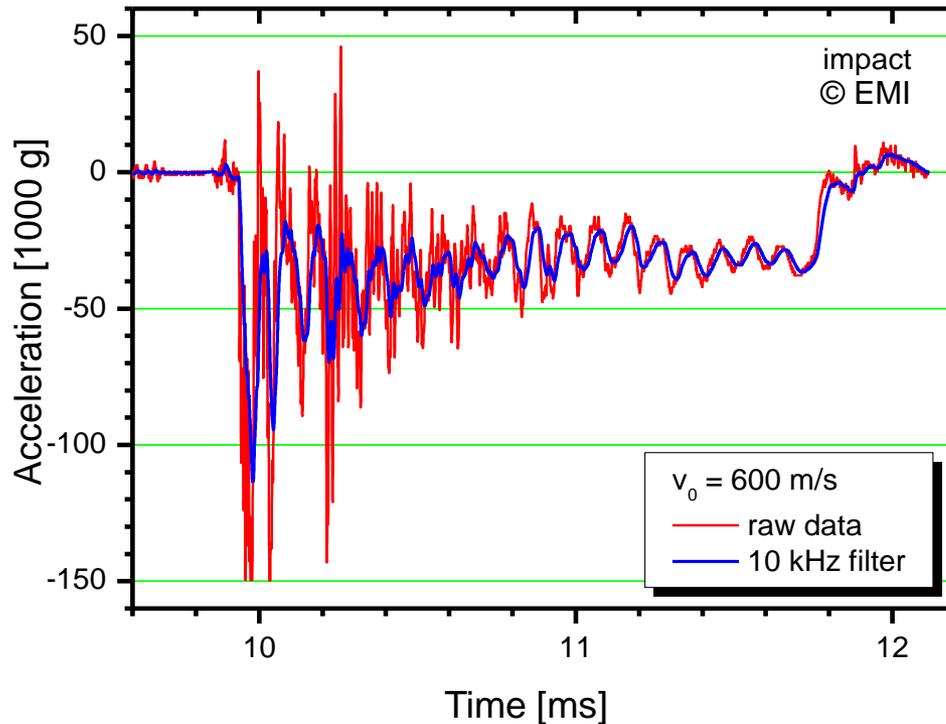
Application

Measurement of Long Duration High-g Acceleration Profiles

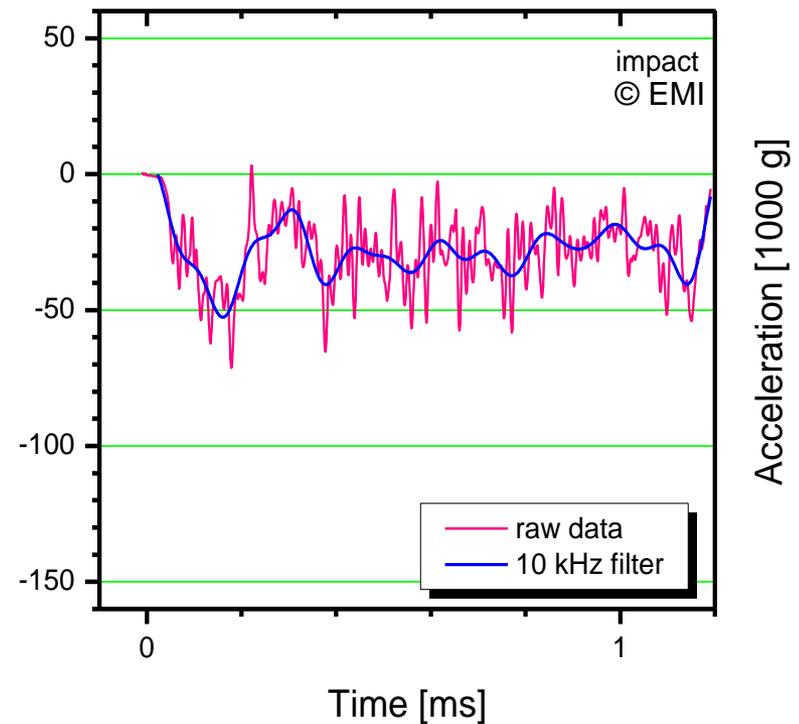
Concrete Penetration

Interpretation after experiment, no real time processing.

caliber: 36 mm



caliber: 60 mm



$\Rightarrow a_{\max, 36 \text{ mm}}$ more than two times higher than $a_{\max, 60 \text{ mm}}$

Summary

- EMI-DLD-Shock Test
 - Powerful test-method that covers interesting high-g-load and long duration pulse regime
 - Reproducible lab-test at moderate costs
- Application of DLD-Shock Test: behavior of capacitors during high-g-load
- Measurement of long duration shock pulses with autonomous data recorder
 - g-rec: versatile and robust measurement-tool
 - Medium caliber concrete penetration at high velocities
 - ⇒ the smaller the ammunition, the bigger the acceleration

Thank you for your Attention!

Questions?

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